How do people who suffer chronic breathlessness experience epistemic injustice?

Ann Hutchinson, PhD student
Professor Miriam Johnson
Professor Kathleen Galvin
Testimonial injustice occurs when prejudice causes a hearer to give a deflated level of credibility to a speaker's word.

Miranda Fricker (2007)
“So it’s gradually, little things were in my head but not enough to go to the doctor. You can’t go to the doctor and say “I can’t dance.” It’s a strange thing to say to the doctor.”

Gysels and Higginson (J. Pain and Symptom Management, 2008)
Is a qualitative perspective missing from COPD guidelines?

Megan Wainwright and Jane Macnaughton

Jørgen Vestbo and Jadwiga Wedzicha
What’s in a name?
Hermeneutical injustice occurs ... when a gap in collective interpretive resources puts someone at an unfair disadvantage when it comes to making sense of their social experiences

Miranda Fricker (2007)
How to evoke the experience of breathlessness?

Total breathlessness (Booth, S., et al. 2006)

Chronic refractory breathlessness (Johnson, Abernethy and Currow, 2012)

Breathlessness (Johnson, Currow and Booth, 2014)

Living a life with breathlessness
The impact of addressing epistemic injustice
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