

ACCIS Conference 2013

- Dr. Mehdi Yasaee, PI: Prof. Stephen Hallett Through thickness reinforcement of composite laminates
- Dr. Gergely Czel, PI: Prof. Michael Wisnom Novel architectures for ductility in high performance composites
- Dr. Eric (Byung Chul) Kim A novel tow steering technology - CTS (Continuous Tow Shearing)
- Dr. Meisam Jalalvand, PI: Prof. Michael Wisnom Damage mode map and parametric study of UD hybrid composites
- Dr. Zhangming Wu, PI: Prof. Paul Weaver Modelling of Variable Angle Tow Composite Structures
- Dr. HaNa Yu, PI: Dr. Kevin Potter A Novel Manufacturing Method for Aligned Discontinuous Fibre Composites
- Dr. Gangadharan Raju, PI: Prof. Paul Weaver Design and optimization of variable angle tow composite plates
- Dr. Julie Etches

Feasibility of Pad Printing For Use in Advanced Composite Manufacturing







Through thickness reinforcement of composite laminates

Dr. Mehdi Yasaee

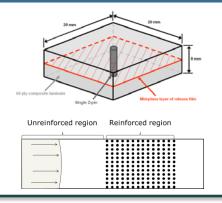
PI: Prof. Stephen Hallett

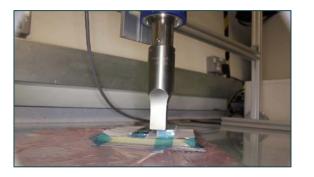


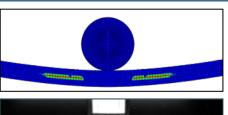
Through thickness reinforcement of composite laminates

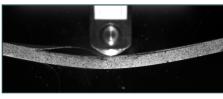
Mehdi Yasaee - m.yasaee@bristol.ac.uk

Design









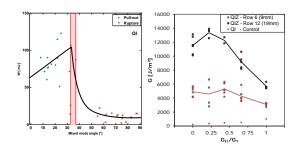
Test



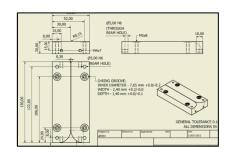


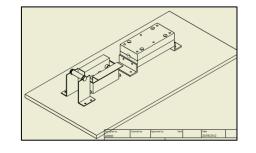






Development







In the team: G. Mohamed, M. Yasaee, G. Allegri, S.R. Hallett, I. Partridge, M.R. Wisnom











Novel architectures for ductility in high performance composites

Dr. Gergely Czél



PI: Prof. Michael Wisnom



Ductility in discontinuous UD carbon/epoxy prepreg composites Gergely Czél - g.czel@bristol.ac.uk

Sheared interfaces Layer discontinuities F Overlap zone to transfer tensile stresses by interfacial shear

Micrograph of the alignment of ply blocks



Tensile test results

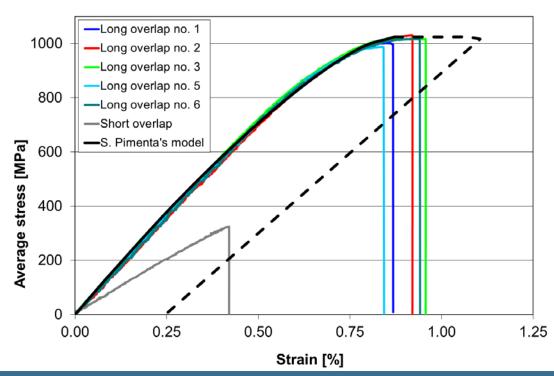
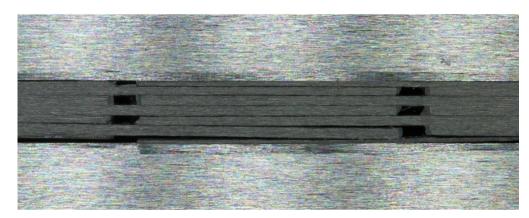


Image of the failed specimen









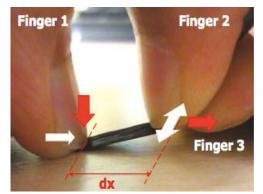
A novel tow steering technology - CTS (Continuous Tow Shearing)

Dr. Eric (Byung Chul) Kim

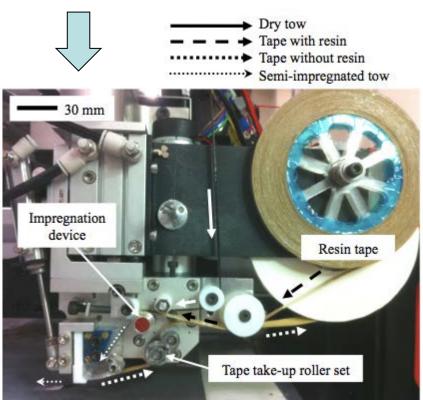


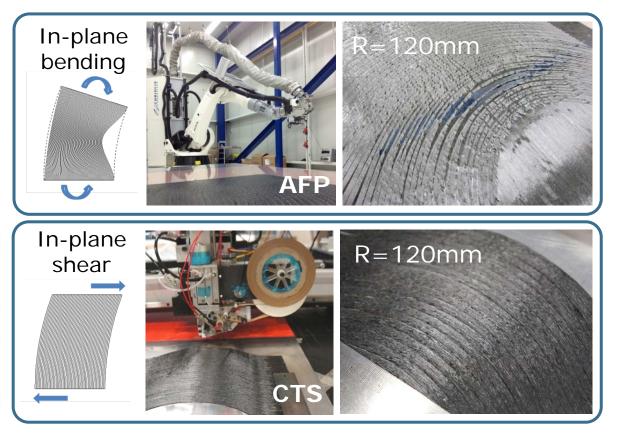
CTS (Continuous Tow Shearing)

Eric (Byung Chul) Kim - b.c.eric.kim@bristol.ac.uk



A novel tow steering technique minimising processinduced defects (fibre wrinkles, tow overlaps and tow gaps) by using in-plane shear deformation of the tow material rather than in-plane bending deformation used in conventional AFPs.















Analysis of damage for UD hybrids

Dr. Meisam Jalalvand



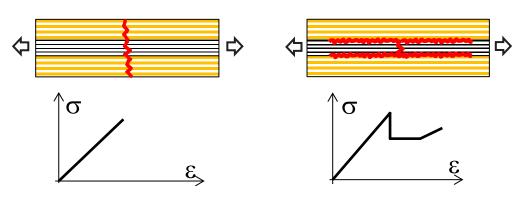
PI: Prof. Michael Wisnom

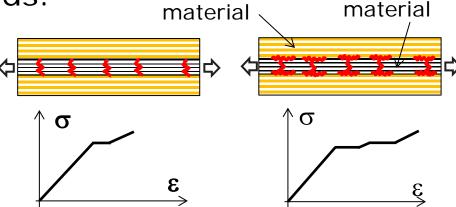


Analysis of damage for UD hybrids

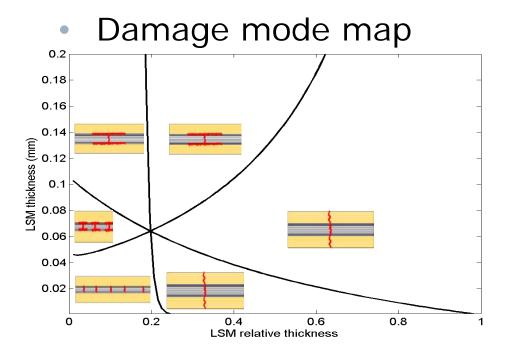
Meisam Jalalvand - m.jalalvand@bristol.ac.uk

Possible damage modes in hybrids:

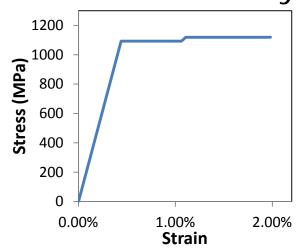




High strain



High strength / High modulus carbon hybrid







Low strain



Modelling of Variable Angle Tow Composite Structures

Dr. Zhangming Wu

PI: Prof. Paul Weaver



Modelling of Variable Angle Tow Composite Structures Zhangming Wu - z.wu@bristol.ac.uk

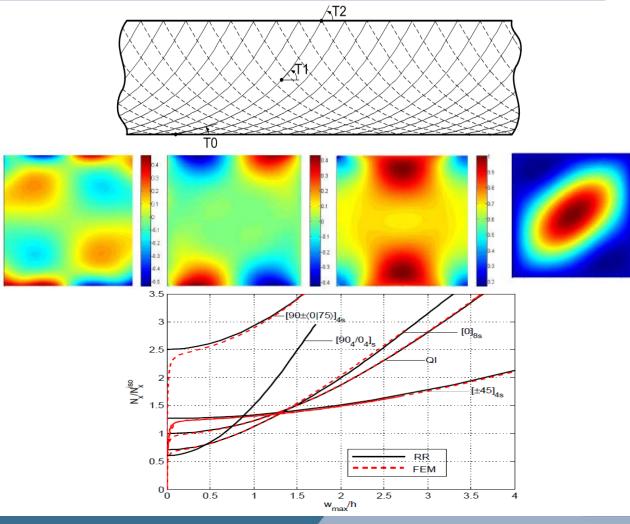
<u>Aim:</u> Efficient modelling and optimisation tools for the design of Variable Angle Tow composite structures.

Modelling

Prebuckling, Buckling and Postbuckling analysis of VAT composites:

- Variational Principle (Rayleigh-Ritz method).
- Differential Quadrature Method

Accurate, Robust & Fast













A Novel Manufacturing Method for Aligned Discontinuous Fibre Composites

Dr. HaNa Yu



PI: Prof. Kevin Potter



Aligned Short Fibre Composites

HaNa Yu - Hana.Yu@bristol.ac.uk

 Key challenge: Development of <u>a novel manufacturing method of aligned</u> short fibre composite for high performance <u>ductile response</u>

1. Develop a fibre2. orientation mechanismyxVacuum

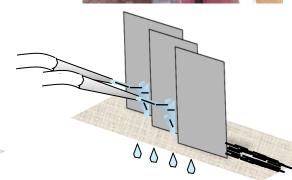
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2. Build up a prototype module Suspending fluid: Water

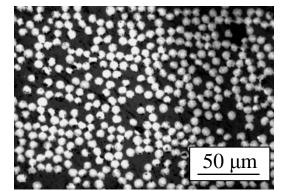
Fibre: 3 mm long carbon fibres

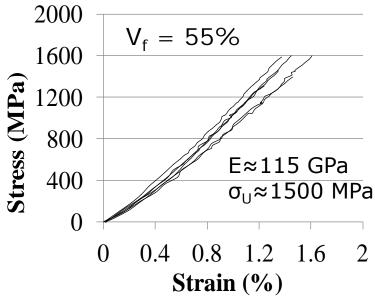
Resin: Epoxy resin film





3. Tensile test results











Design and optimization of variable angle tow composite plates

Dr. Gangadharan Raju

PI: Prof. Paul Weaver



Design and Optimisation of Variable Angle Tow (VAT) Composite Plates Gangadharan Raju - gangadharan.raju@bristol.ac.uk

Objective:

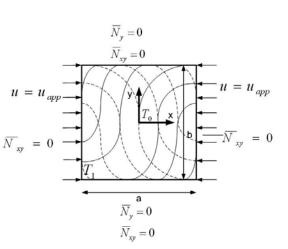
To develop a robust optimisation framework for design of VAT plates to maximise buckling and post-buckling performance

Optimisation tools:

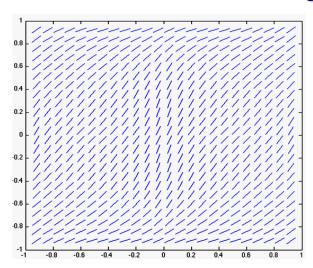
Developed a two-level optimisation strategy

- i) Method of moving asymptotes: determine optimal lamination parameters distribution
- ii) Genetic algorithm: determine fibre distribution

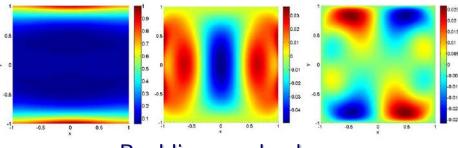
Results:



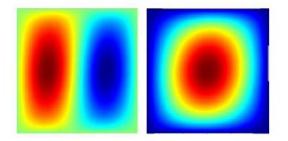
Optimal distribution of fibre angles



Stress resultant distributions



Buckling mode shape



 $K_x = 3.71$ (165%) increase

In the team: Gangadharan Raju, Zhangming Wu, Prof. Paul Weaver







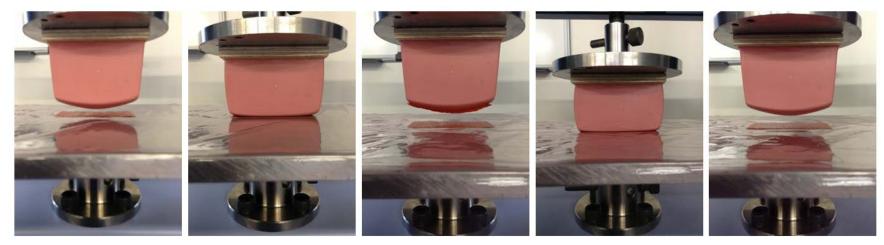
Feasibility of Pad Printing For Use in Advanced Composite Manufacturing

Dr. Julie Etches,

Dr. Carwyn Ward, Josh Roberts



Prepreg Pad Print Concept



Pick-up and Place using Small rectangular Pad

